

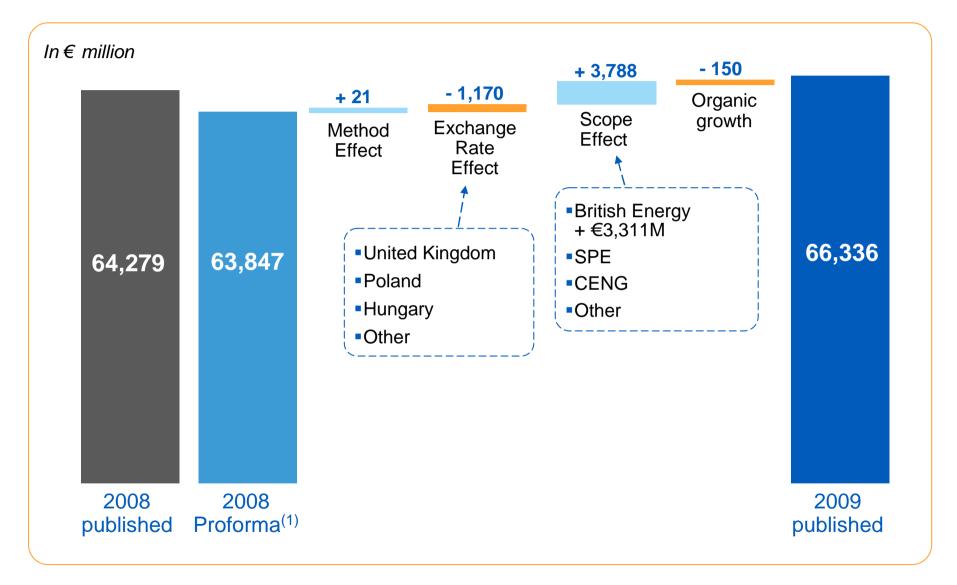
2009 Results

11 February 2010

Appendix

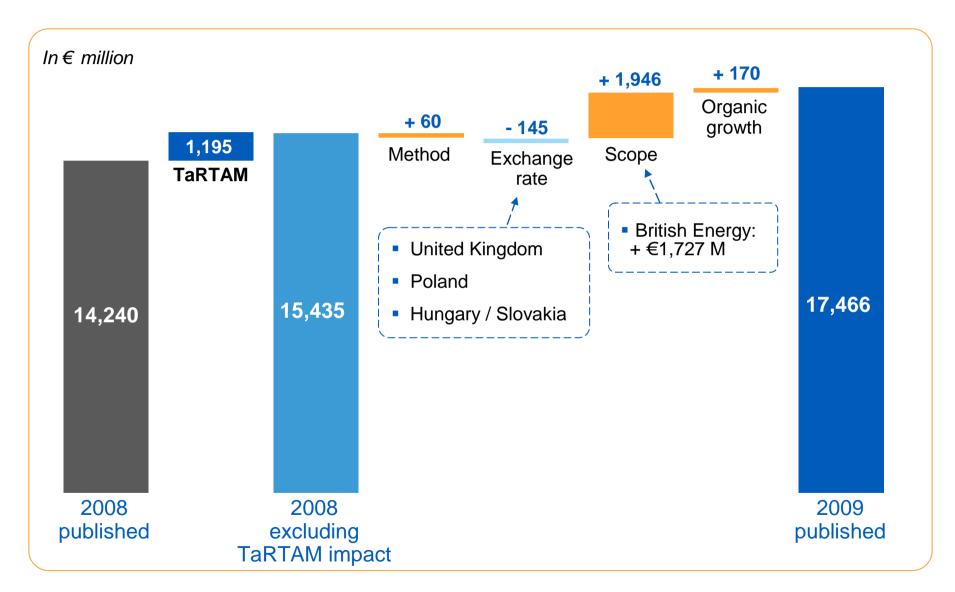


Change in Group sales





Change in Group's EBITDA





France / International breakdown

In € *million*

	France		Outside France		TOTAL					
	2009	2008	Δ %	2009	2008	Δ %	2009	2008	Δ%	
Sales	34,004	34,264	- 0.8%	32,332	29,583	+ 9.3%	66,336	63,847	+ 3.9%	
						+ 0.4%*			- 0.2%*	
EBITDA	9,434	9,009	+ 4.7%	0.022	0.022	5,231	+ 53.5%	17 466	14 240	+ 22.7%
EDITUA	9,434	9,009	- 9.0%*	8,032	5,231	+ 18.8%*	17,466	14,240	+ 1.2%*	
EBIT	5,143	4,588	+ 12.1%	4,964	3,322	+ 49.4%	10,107	7,910	+ 27.8%	

 $^{^*\}Delta$ in organic growth

2009 results breakdown

	France	Outside France
Sales	51.3%	48.7%
EBITDA	54.0%	46.0%
EBIT	50.9%	49.1%



Financial result

In € million	2009	2008	Δ
Cost of gross financial indebtedness	(2,709)	(1,657)	(1,052)
Discount expense	(3,229)	(2,797)	(432)
Other financial income and expenses*	1,413	1,404	9
TOTAL	(4,525)	(3,050)	(1,475)

- Increase in cost of financial indebtedness as a result of the increase in average gross indebtedness
- Effect of consolidation of British Energy on discount expenses:
 ∆ €379M
- Other financial income and expenses broadly flat: ∆ + €9M



^{*} Including incorporation of borrowing costs (application of IAS 23 revised standard "borrowing costs", Cf. note 2 to consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2009)

Group tax expense

In € million

	2009	2008
Net profit before tax	5,582	4,860
Actual tax expense	1,614	1,599
Effective tax rate	28.9%	32.9%

- Drop in effective tax rate as a result of:
 - Optimisation of financings in relation to British Energy's acquisition
 - Revaluation of EDF SA's deferred tax assets



Non-recurring items net of tax

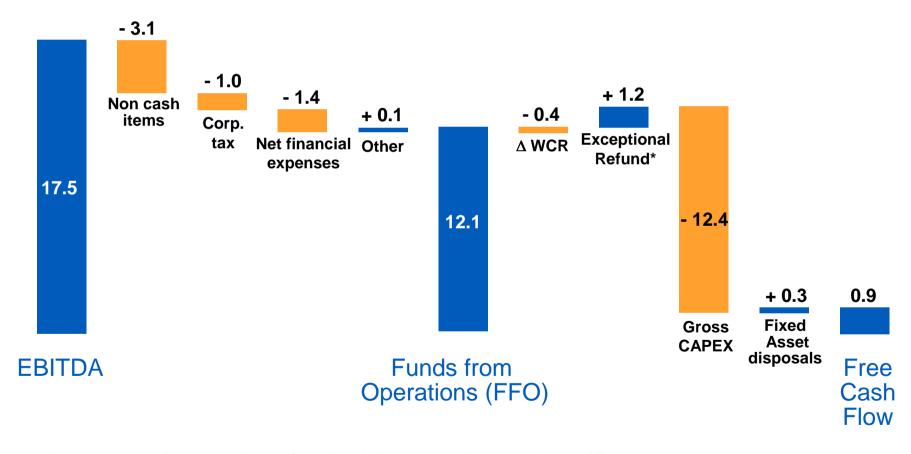
In € *million*

	2009	2008
French State refund (cancellation of the decision by the European Commission dated December 16, 2003)	220	
Capital gains / losses, write-downs on securities & operating assets and various provisions	(238)	(148)
Extension of the TaRTAM mechanism (Law of August 4, 2008)		(783)
Measures in connection to the pension reform		23
Total of non-recurring items net of tax	(18)	(908)



2009 FFO and Free Cash Flow

In € billion



^{*} Exceptional tax refund by the French State (€ 1.2bn) as a result of the cancellation of European Commission's decision dated December 16, 2003



Cash Flow Statement

In € million	2009	2008
EBITDA (earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation)	17,466	14,240
Cancellation of non-cash items included in EBITDA	(3,105)	(1,399)
Net financial expenses disbursed	(1,408)	(1,068)
Income taxes paid	(963)	(1,720)
Other elements	143	30
Funds From Operations (FFO)	12,133	10,083
Non-recurring items	1,224	-
Change in net Working Capital Requirements	(378)	(2,511)
Gross CAPEX	(12,370)	(9,703)
Net proceeds from sale of assets	252	214
Free Cash Flow	861	(1,917)
Dedicated assets	(1,902)	(1,785)
External growth financial investments	(17,417)	(4,651)
Disposals of financial assets	2,686	-
Other financial investments	395	346
Nuclear down payments	(605)	-
Dividends paid in cash	(1,311)	(2,528)
Other monetary items	(94)	479
Monetary change in net financial debt	(17,387)	(10,056)
Effects of change in scope	453	138
Effects of currency fluctuations	(760)	1,473
Other non-monetary changes	(326)	238
Change in net financial debt	(18,020)	(8,207)
Net Financial Debt – Opening balance	24,476	16,269
Net Financial Debt – Closing balance	42,496	24,476



Net financial debt calculation

In € *million*

Liabilities	31 December 2009	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Financial debt (current and non-current)	53,868	37,451	27,930
Derivatives used to hedge debt	373	- 381	23
Net financial debt of companies to be sold	- 28	0	33
Total financial debt (excluding derivatives used to hedge operations)	54,213	37,070	27,986

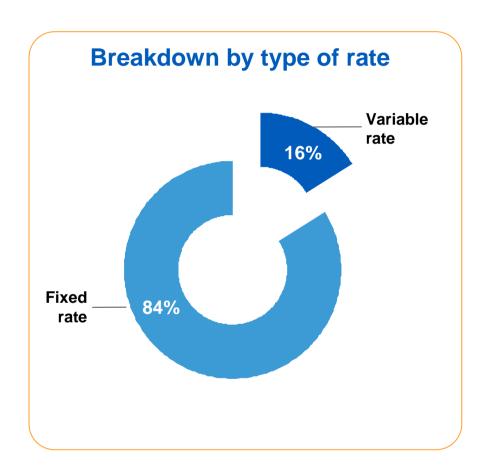
Assets

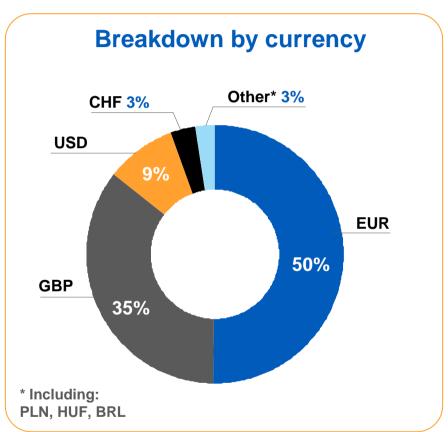
Cash and cash equivalents	- 6,982	- 5,869	- 6,035
Liquid financial assets (excluding derivatives used to hedge operations)	- 4,735	- 6,725	- 5,682

Net financial debt	42,496	24,476	16,269



Group financial debt after swaps as at end-December 2009

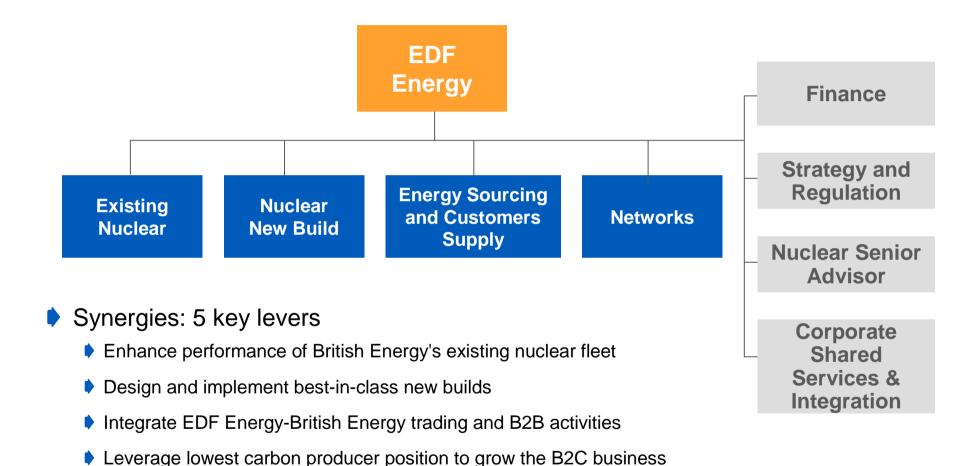




Average coupon: 4.4% Average maturity: 7.4 years



EDF Energy: a new combined organisation



Combine and integrate central support and steering functions



United Kingdom: 2009 results of synergies programme ahead of business plan

Revenue Synergies

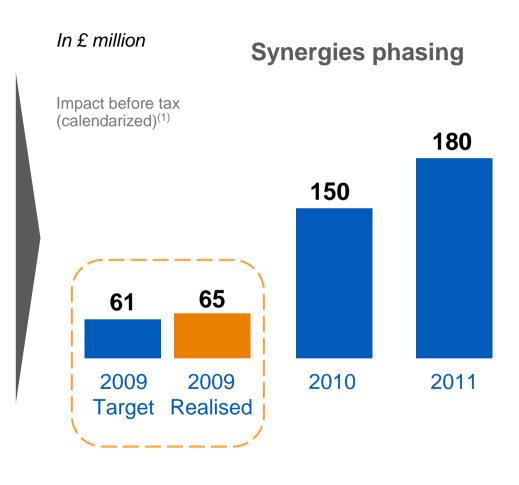
- Growth in # of end customers
- Trading synergies

Cost Synergies

- Supply chain efficiencies
- Best practice sharing and cost synergies
- Economies of scale and standardisation

Financial structure synergies

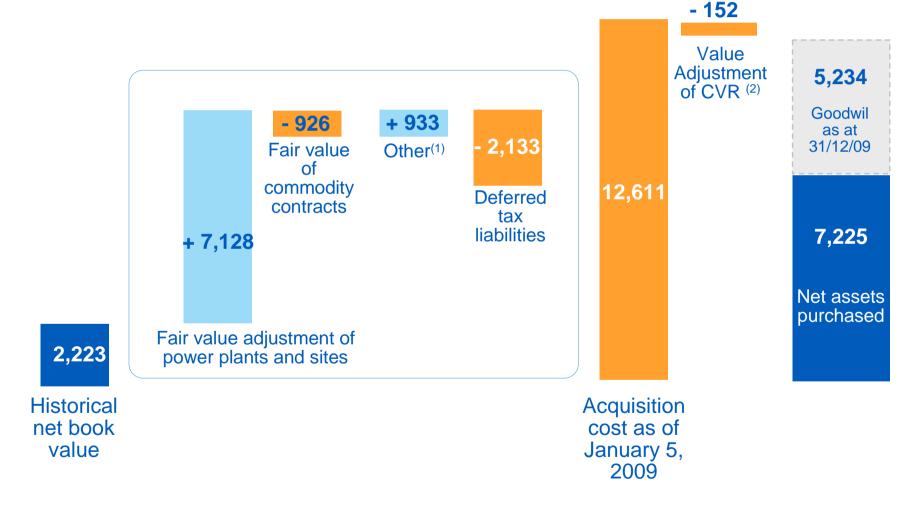
Release of Cash Reserve





Definitive allocation of British Energy's acquisition cost

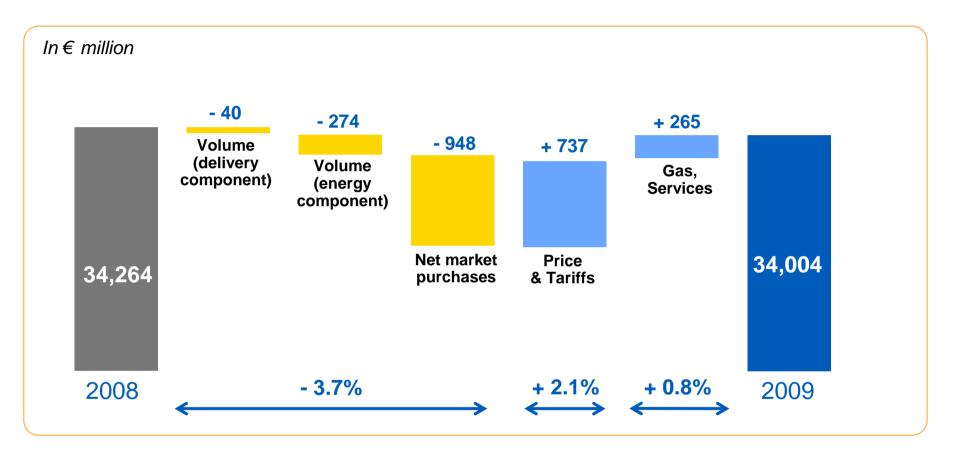
In £ million



⁽¹⁾ Brand, inventories, other provisions, cash

⁽²⁾ Contingent Value Rights

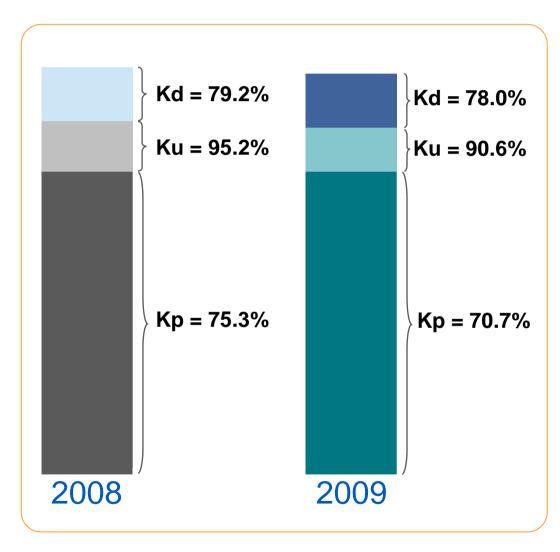
France: sales broadly flat (- 0.8%)



- Decline in power sales (- 1.6%)
 - Drop in sales in volume
 - Positive impact of increases in tariffs (2008 and 2009) and price evolutions
- Increase in sales of gas and services (+ 0.8%)



Performance of nuclear fleet operations down in 2009



- 3 major technical causes impacting Kd in 2009:
 - Steam generators ≈ 2.6 pts
 - Alternators ≈ 1.7 pt
 - Transformers ≈ 0.5 pt
- Drop of Ku by 4.6 pts, impacted by industrial action and environmental losses
- A load factor (Kp) of 70.7%



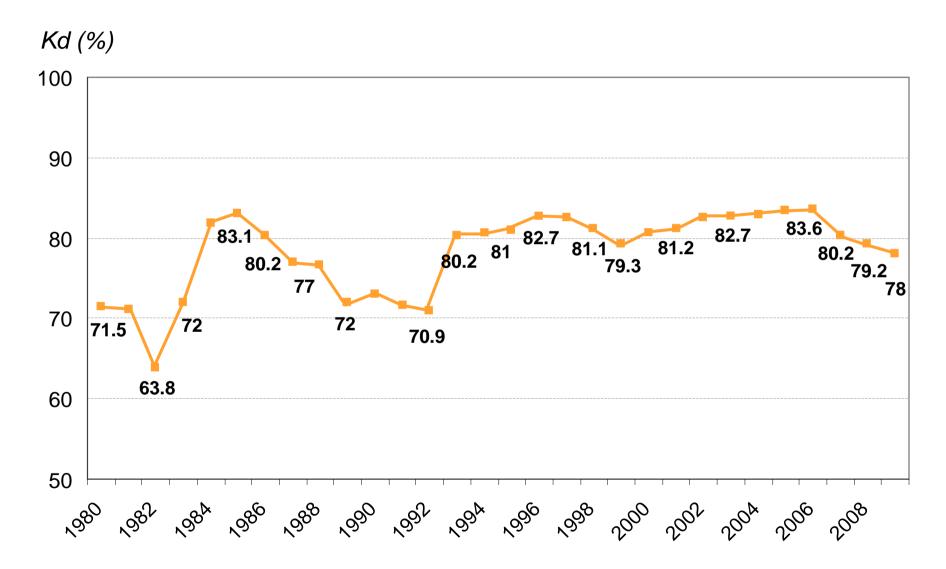
Performance of nuclear fleet operations in 2008 and 2009

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2009 78.0% x 90.6% = 70.7%
2009 power output = 390 TWh
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- Ku strongly impacted by industrial action in H1 2009 and its consequences in H2 on the organisation of planned outages
- Kd impacted by technical problems on steam generators and alternators, the replacement of which was necessary and partly scheduled in 2010

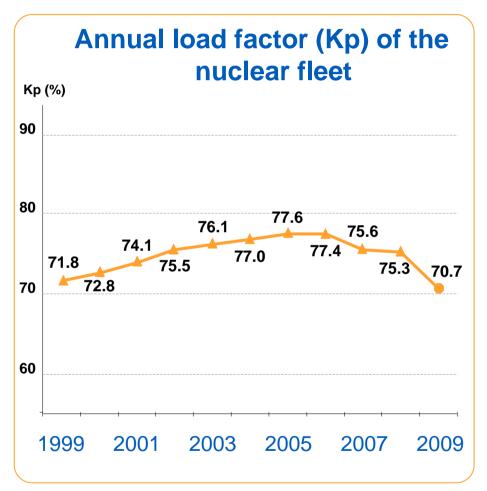


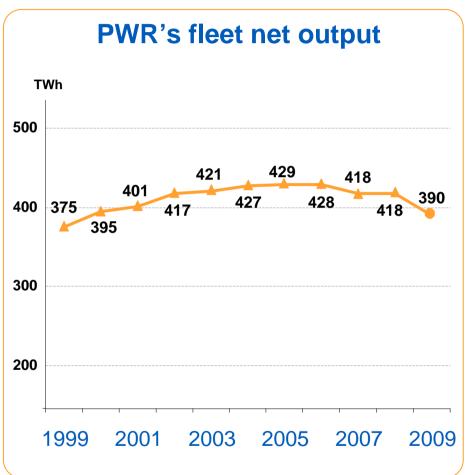
Availability of the nuclear fleet since 1980





Evolution of load factor and nuclear output







EDF's electricity business in France in 2009

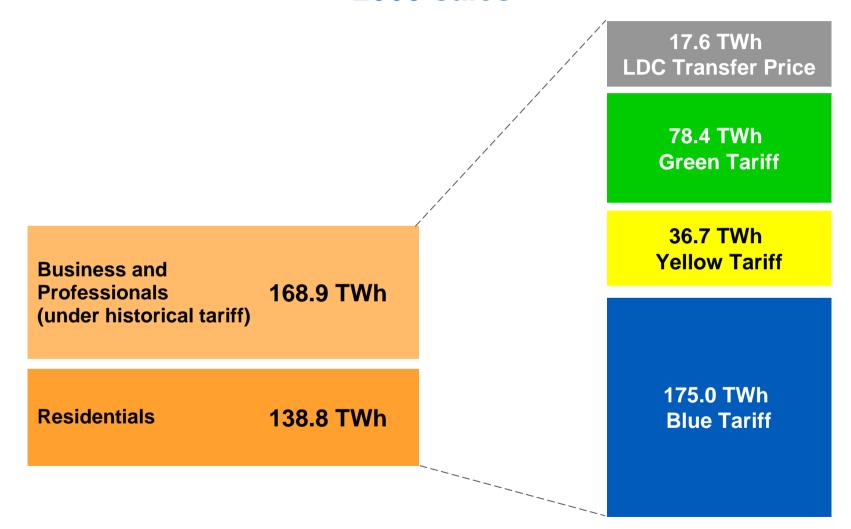
2009 sales to end-customers

Business and Professionals (out of historical tariff)	83.1 TWh
Business and Professionals (under historical tariff)	168.9 TWh
Residentials	138.8 TWh



EDF's electricity business in France in 2009

sales

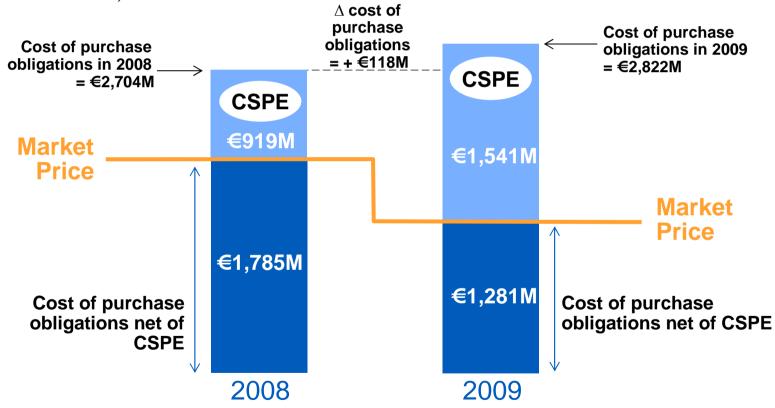




Change in purchase obligations and CSPE

Principle: CSPE* offsets the difference between purchase cost of purchase obligations and market price

*CSPE also offsets generation costs and purchase obligations in Corsica and French overseas departments (change vs 2008 +€ 108M)



A CSPE* linked to purchase obligations up by + €623M including + €673M of price effect due to change in electricity spot prices



Impact of IAS 23 standard "borrowing costs"

- On a retroactive basis from January 1st, 2005, borrowing costs are capitalized as part of the costs of the asset, when they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset.
- ▶ P&L impact:

	Application of IAS 23 (as of December 2009)		
Cost of gross financial debt	(2,709)	(d3 of December 2000	(2,709)
Discount expense	(3,229)		(3,229)
Other financial income and expenses	1,215	198	1,413
Financial result	(4,723)	198*	(4,525)

Financial charges attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are booked as "cost of gross financial indebtedness". To avoid misreading of the ratio "cost of gross financial debt" / "Gross debt", capitalizing of such financial charges is booked in "Other financial income and expenses"



^{*} As of December 2008, + € 117M (cf. note 2.1 to consolidated financial statements), i.e. a change of + €81M between December 2009 and December 2008



2009 Results

11 February 2010

