

# Taxation of dividends paid as of 1 January 2018

The 2018 Finance Act amended the tax regime applicable, starting with the taxation of 2018 income, to all investment income and capital gains on the sale of securities.

The following is provided for informational purposes only. Shareholders are advised to contact the tax authorities or consult with their usual tax advisers for information regarding their specific tax situation.

## • Natural persons who are tax residents of France

The tax regime applicable to dividends paid as of 1 January 2018 to natural persons who are tax residents of France is as follows:

### <u>Tax regime</u>

Dividends paid as of 1 January 2018 are subject to a single flat-rate tax (PFU) set at 30% and broken down as follows:

- a flat-rate income tax (IR) of 12.8%;
- social security contributions at an overall rate of 17.2% following the 1.7% increase in the general social security contribution (CSG) rate provided for by the Social Security Financing Act of 2018.

However, the taxpayer may continue to opt to be taxed according to the progressive income tax scale (to which are added the social security contributions on investment income at the overall rate of 17.2%). In the latter case only, the taxpayer will benefit from the 40% deduction of the gross amount of the dividends (provided that the dividends concerned are entitled to such a deduction) and the CSG, deductible in the amount of 6.8%.

This choice (made expressly and irrevocable) is made each year by the taxpayer when filing his or her tax return for income received during the same year. It is global and applies in particular to all investment income and capital gains on the sale of securities for the year falling within the scope of the flat-rate tax.

#### Taxation mechanism

The taxation occurs in two stages:

✓ <u>At the payment of dividends</u>

Dividends are subject, at the time of their payment, to a mandatory non-discharging flat-rate withholding tax (PFO) at a rate of 12.8%, which is deducted as an advance payment of income tax (to which are added the social security contributions at the overall rate of 17.2%, i.e. an overall withholding tax of 30% deducted at the source by the paying institution on the gross amount of the income paid by this institution).

Exempted from this advance income tax payment of 12.8% on the dividends paid in 2019 are those

persons having sent a request to the institution paying the income before 30 November 2018; it being recalled that, to benefit from this exemption, the reference tax income stated on the 2018 tax return for 2017 income must be less than €50,000 for a single, divorced or widowed person, and €75,000 for a taxpayer subject to joint taxation.

✓ <u>The year following the payment of dividends</u>

The dividends will then be declared on the income tax return for the year of their collection and taxed at the flat income tax rate of 12.8% (on the gross amount of the dividends), unless the taxpayer has expressly and irrevocably opted for the progressive income tax scale when filing his or her tax return on all investment income and capital gains on the sales of securities.

The non-discharging flat-rate withholding tax (PFO) of 12.8% collected at the time of the payment of the revenue is imputed on the income tax owed for the year in which it was deducted (whether it is calculated by application of the flat-rate income tax of 12.8%, or, following the taxpayer's decision, by the application of the progressive scale). If it exceeds the tax owed, the difference is refunded by the tax authorities.

# Payments made in Non-Cooperative Countries or Territories (NCCTs)

Dividends paid directly to an account opened in the books of a financial institution located in a Non-Cooperative Country or Territory (NCCT<sup>1</sup>) are subject to a withholding tax of 75%. To this tax are added the social security contributions of 17.2%.

# • Natural persons who are not tax residents of France

The withholding tax on dividends from French sources paid as of 1 January 2018 to natural persons who are not tax residents of France is set at 12.8%.

A withholding tax of 75% applies if the dividends are paid by check, cash or other means of payment to a beneficiary residing in a NCCT or are paid directly into an account opened with a financial institution located in a NCCT.

These domestic law rates are subject to more favourable provisions provided for in international tax treaties.

Dividends paid to non-resident natural persons are not subject to social security contributions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> NCCT within the meaning of Article 238-0 A of the French General Tax Code (CGI)